

OVERVIEW

TNO in a nutshell

) 3GPP

> Satcom role in 5G

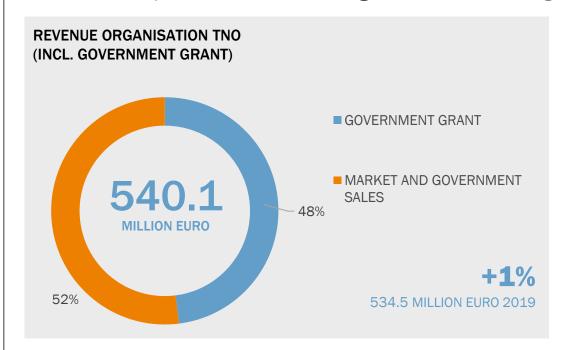
Integration of satellite into 5G - challenges

Status and way forward

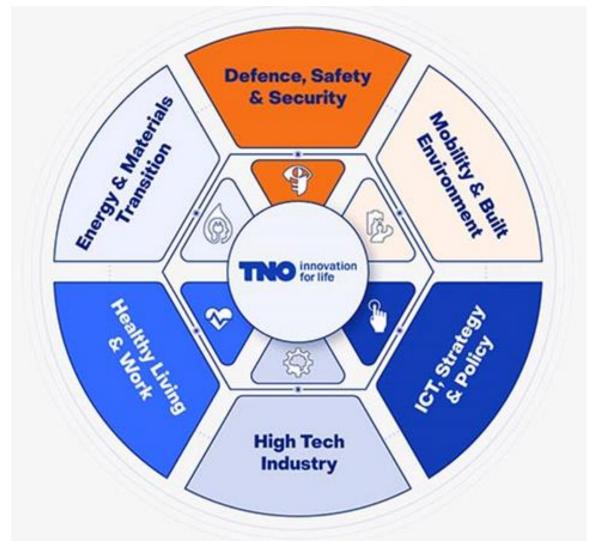


TNO

TNO - independent research organisation focusing on applied science (established 1932)









TNO NETWORKS DEPARTMENT TNO 5G LAB AND FIELD LABS



Field lab for IoT

- Unmanned Valley: UAV control/video in 5G (indoor/outdoor)
- NB-IoT and LTE-M in 700 MHz band (2x3 MHz)
- IoT for green Village

DoloT Delft

Valkenburg

Field lab for warehouse/logistics

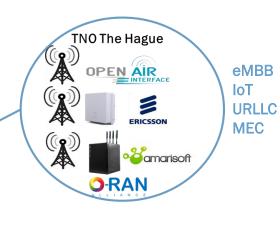
Drone capable of autonomous stock counting in a warehouse

AR/VR for remote support

- XR Collaborative Maintenance
- Ambulance with remote medical support (video, medical imaging via ultasound probe)







Field lab for connected mobility / automotive

- V2V for vehicle platooning via LTE-V2X
- Traffic safety via V2N with edge computing and edge interconnect
- Cross-border roaming with seamless handover





3GPP

- 3rd Generation Partnership Project
- Established in 1998

35 PM

930

Members

61

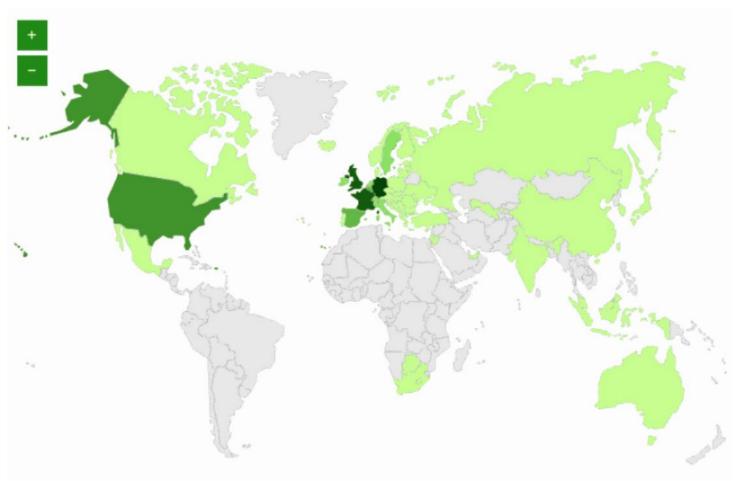
Countries

50

Standardization Groups

52312

Standards Published

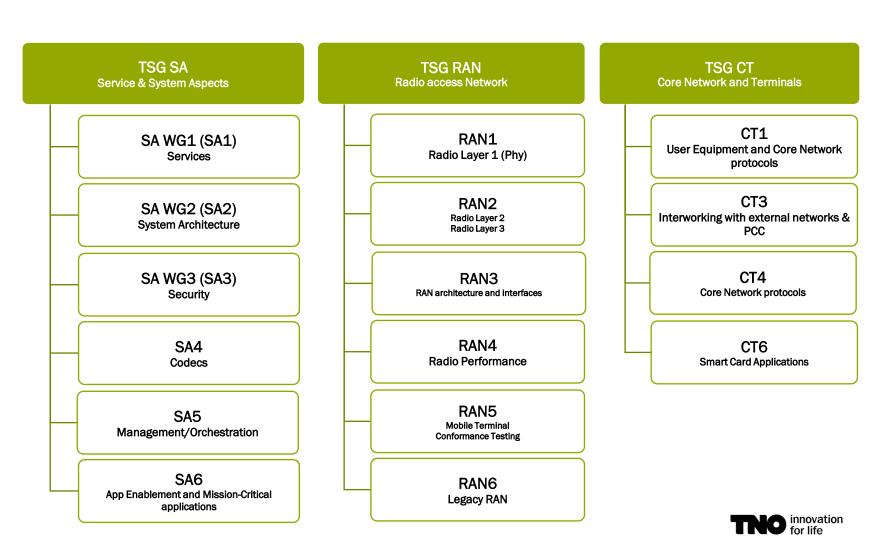




3GPP

- > Technical Specification Groups (TSGs): SA, RAN and CT
- Working Groups





5G STANDARDS: 3GPP MULTI RELEASE TIME PLAN

2018

2019

2020

2021

2022

2023

2024

2025

2026

5G NSA

5G SA

Market introduction 5G NSA

Release 15 - 5G

Market introduction 5G SA





Release 16 - 5G

Market introduction Rel-16

Release 17 - 5G

Market introduction Rel-17

Release 18 - B5G

Release 19 - B5G

Release 20 - B5G

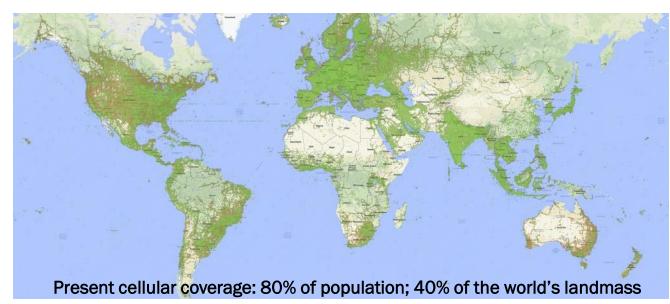


SATCOM ROLE IN 5G

Providing truly global coverage

) Improved reliability, resilience

- 5G standard facilitates
 - Access to economies of scale
 - Seamless handover among access technologies
 - Multi-vendor interoperability
 - Wider ecosystem





5G NTN in 3GPP standard – benefitial for both 5G and Satcom community.



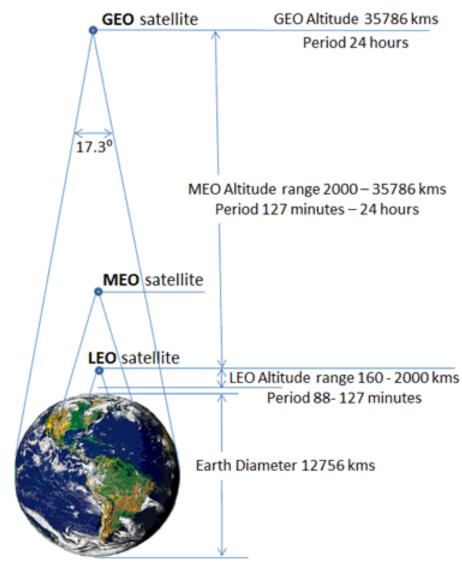
NTN PLATFORM TYPES

Non-terrestrial networks (NTN) comprise satellite and HAPS

Satellite	Altitude range [km]	Orbit	Beam footprint size [km]	
Low-Earth Orbit (LEO)	300 - 1500	Circular around	100 - 1000	
Medium-Earth Orbit (MEO)	7000 - 25000	the earth	100 - 1000	
Geostationary Earth Orbit (GEO)	35 786	Fixed position	200 - 3500	
High Altitude Platforms (HAPS)	~20	i ixeu position	5 - 200	

Source: 3GPP TR 38.811 Study on New Radio (NR) to support non-terrestrial networks

Satellite Orbits, Periods and Footprints





5G NTN USE CASES



Range extension



Disaster communication (floods, earthquake, forest fire) Public Safety First Responders



NTN IoT/mMTC



Broadcast Content to the Edge



(Autonomous) Moving platforms
Global roaming



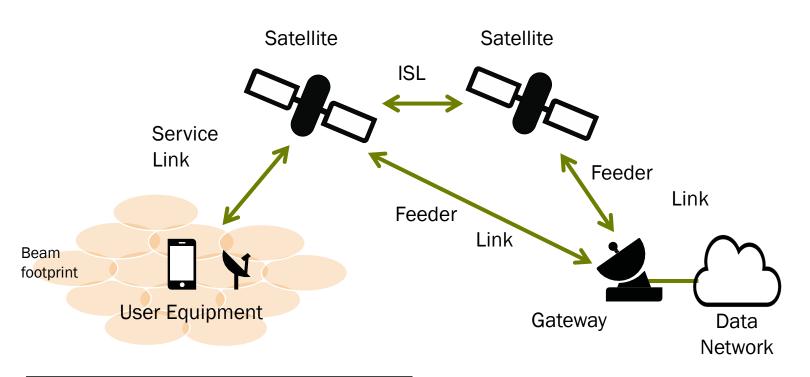
5G NTN TARGET PERFORMANCES

Usage scenarios	Experience data rate		Max UE speed	Environment	UE categories
	DL	UL			0 2 cataBallec
IoT connectivity	2 kbps	10 kbps	0 km/h	Extreme coverage	IoT
Pedestrian	2 Mbps	250 kbps	3 km/h	Extreme coverage	Handheld
Public safety	3.5 Mbps	3.5 Mbps	100 km/h 250km/h	Open area	Handheld Vehicle mounted
Stationary	50 Mbps	25 Mbps	0 km/h	Extreme coverage	Building mounted
Vehicular connectivity	50 Mbps	25 Mbps	250 km/h	Along roads in low population density areas	Vehicle mounted
Airplanes connectivity	360 Mbps	180 Mbps	1000 km/h	Open area	Airplane mounted

TNO innovation for life

LEGACY SATELLITE SYSTEMS

TRANSPARENT VS REGENERATIVE



User equipment:

- Satellite terminal (dish, VSAT)
- Satellite handheld device
- Satellite IoT device

Transparent: limited processing capabilities:

- 1) Frequency conversion/shifting
- 2) Amplification
- 3) Filtering

Regenerative - with on board processing:

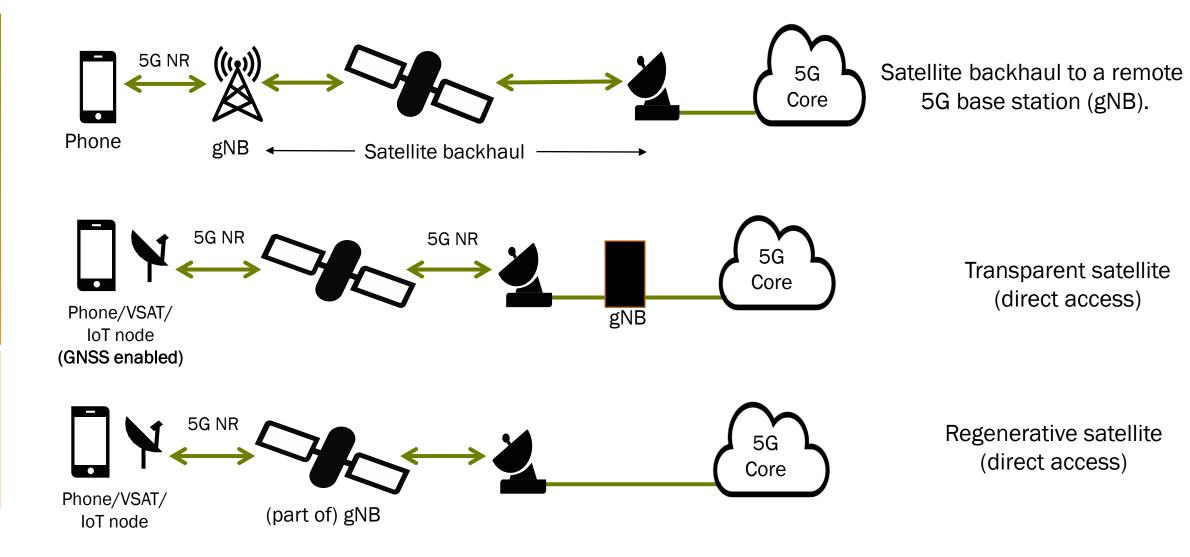
- 1) 3) and
- 4) Signal demodulation/modulation
- 5) Adaptive routing (ISL)



Increased system flexibility, signal quality and capacity.

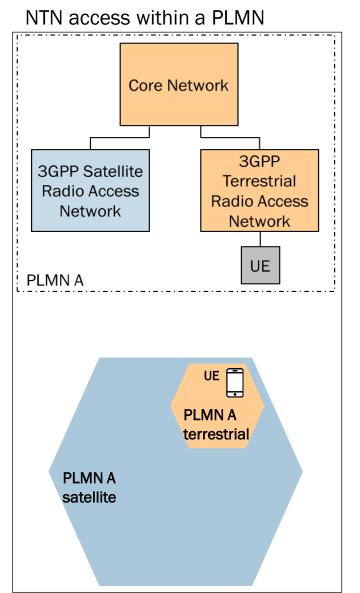


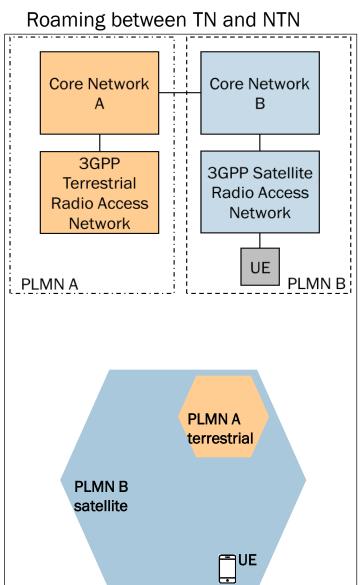
5G NTN SCENARIOS

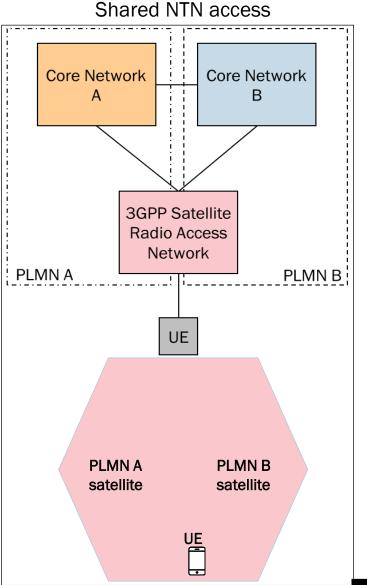


3GPP approach: Integrate satellite in 5G with minimal impact on User Equipment and Network Infrastructure!

5G TN-NTN INTEGRATION SCENARIOS

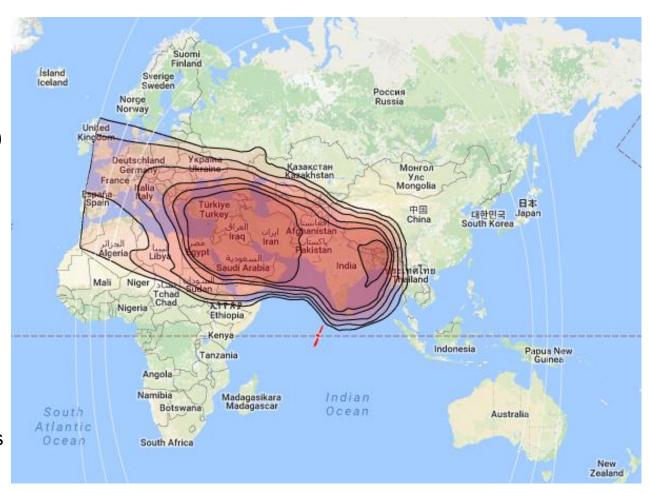






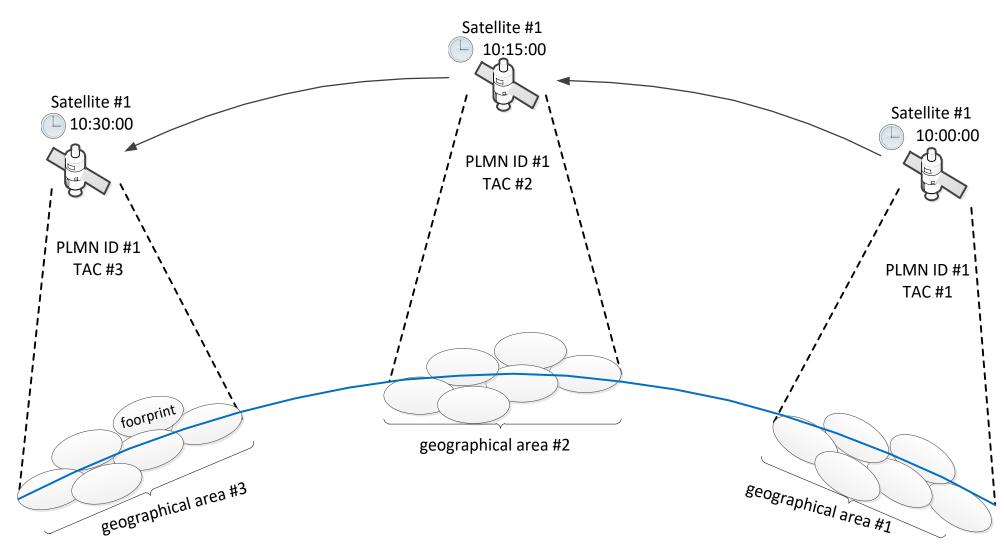
REGULATORY ASPECTS

- 5G networks have to follow national/regional regulatory requirements
 - Frequency licenses
 - Mobile country code (MCC) / Mobile network code (MNC)
 - Emergency calls
 - Public warning service
 - Lawful intercept
 - Per country prohibition of satellite access
-) Satellite beams cover multiple countries, seas and oceans
- In international waters: the UE can select a PLMN that uses the shared MCC (MCC=90x).





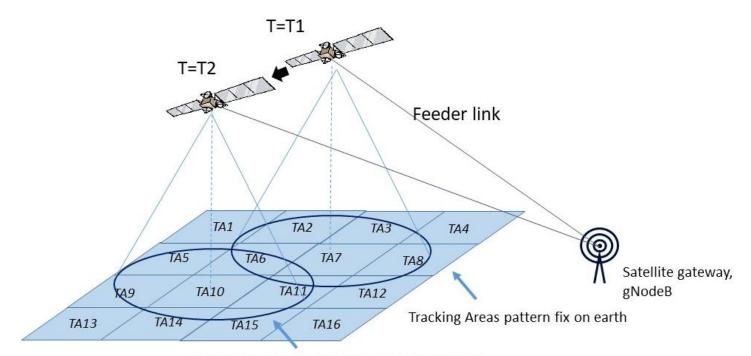
MOBILITY MANAGEMENT WITH MOVING SATELLITE COVERAGE AREAS (1)





MOBILITY MANAGEMENT WITH MOVING SATELLITE COVERAGE AREAS (2)

Satellite where the radio beam cannot be steered - the cells/beams move across the earth surface along with the satellite. This category is referred to as earth-moving beams.



Instantaneous Cell coverage on earth surface

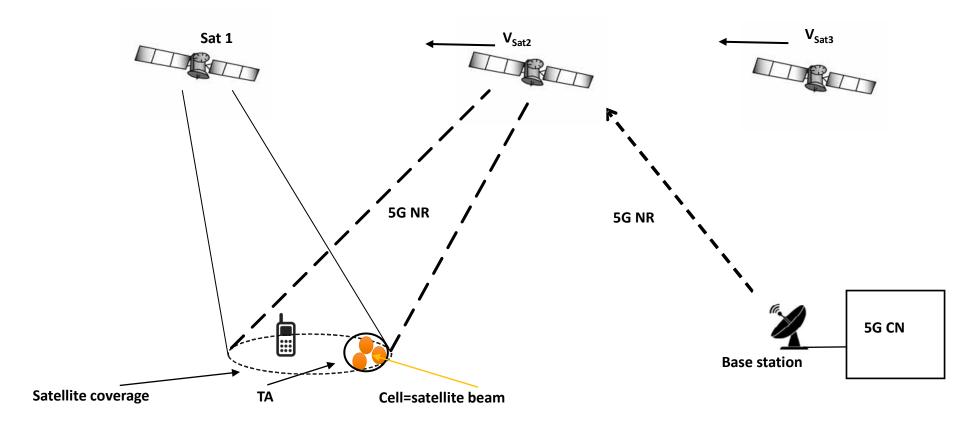
Following TACs will be broadcasted by the cell:

At time = T1 {TA1, TA2, TA3, TA4, TA6, TA7, TA8, TA11, TA12} At time = T2 {TA5, TA6, TA7, TA9, TA10, TA11, TA14, TA15} The RAN dynamically updates TAC list according the satellite motion.



MOBILITY MANAGEMENT WITH MOVING SATELLITE COVERAGE AREAS (3)

High-end satellite with steerable beams – create earth-fixed cells/beams and TAs.





5G NEW RADIO ADAPTATION TO SUPPORT NTN

- Large propagation delay
 - Synchronization: timing and frequency
 - Uplink timing alignement
 - HARQ selectively enable/disable

- Pronounced Doppler effect
 - Pre-compensation of Doppler shift

- Random Access Channel
 - Extended acquisition window to cope high latency



ONGOING INDUSTRY INITIATIVES

Madrid, 20 July 2022.- Telefónica, through its divisions Telefónica Tech and Telefónica Global Solutions (TGS), and Satelliot, a satellite telecommunications operator, are collaborating in the development of an innovative connectivity service with dual 5G NB-IoT technology in which Sateliot's new satellite network will be integrated with Telefónica Tech's current terrestrial NB-IoT networks to offer IoT connectivity wherever the customer needs it, including maritime coverage.

Samsung Electronics Introduces Standardized 5G NTN Modem Technology To Power Smartphone-**Satellite Communication**

Korea on February 23, 2023

ERICSSON, QUALCOMM AND THALES TO TAKE 5G INTO SPACE

11 JUL 2022 | FRANCE 5G SPACE







MediaTek Powers World's First Satellite 5G NTN Smartphone Communication

MediaTek's collaboration with Rohde & Schwarz demonstrates the potential of 5G NTN technology to bring fast and reliable 5G connectivity everywhere via satellite

O Aug 16, 2022 - 9:00 PM

HSINCHU, Taiwan - August 16, 2022 - MediaTek reached a new 5G milestone by powering a smartphone with a 5G Non-Terrestrial Network (NTN) connection in a lab environment for the first time.

Highlights:

JAN 5. 2023 | LAS VEGAS

Qualcomm products mentioned within this press release are offered

 Qualcomm and Iridium entered into an agreement to bring satellite-based connectivity to next-generation premium Android smartphones; Garmin looks forward to collaborating with support for emergency messaging.

Snapdragon

Satellite is planned to support 5G Non-Terrestrial Networks (NTN), as NTN satellite infrastructure and constellations become available.

Nokia radio technology to enable AST SpaceMobile's direct-to-cell phone connectivity from space

- Nokia wins five-year global 4G and 5G deal from AST SpaceMobile
- · AST SpaceMobile plans to bring cellular connectivity directly to 4G and 5G devices via low Earth-orbiting satellites in collaboration with mobile network operators
- Nokia and AST SpaceMobile committed to finding real-world solutions to expand universal coverage and close the digital divide around

28 July 2022

UN-CARRIER

T-Mobile Takes Coverage Above and Beyond With SpaceX

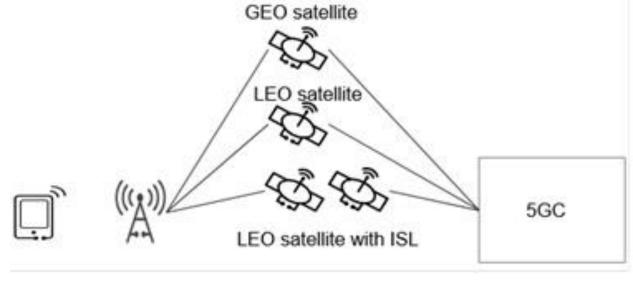
Companies share their vision to provide truly universal coverage, pairing SpaceX's breakthrough satellite constellation with T-Mobile's industry-leading wireless network



5G NTN STATUS

5G NTN developments:

- > 2018-2022: numerous 3GPP studies on integration of non-terrestrial networks in 5G (Release-15, Release-16)
- 2022: 3GPP Release-17 standard includes 5G NTN specification (transparent satellites)
- 2023: Release-18 includes 5G NTN enhancements (discontinuous coverage)
- 2023: Release-18 5G Satellite Backhaul with:
 - Dynamically changing latency and data rates
 - Edge Computing on board GEO satellite
- Target service opening dates:
 - > 5G IoT NTN direct connectivity (2024-2025);
 - > 5G NTN direct connectivity (2025-2030);



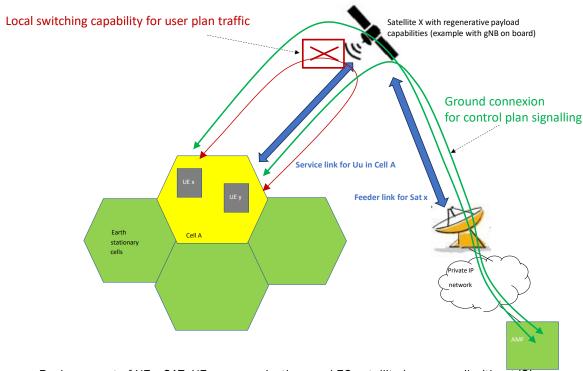
3GPP TR 23.700-27: Example scenario that gNB has multiple candidate satellite backhauls



5G NTN WAY FORWARD

- 2024: Release-19 Study on integration of satellite components in the 5G architecture
 - Regenerative payload architecture with gNB onboard satellite
 - Support of UE-satellite-UE communication
 - Store and Forward operation
 - Application enablement for Satellite access enabled 5G Services
 - > 5G NTN indirect network relaying (e.g. via Vehicle Mounted Relay above 10GHz)

Research towards 6G TN-NTN unification





3GPP 5G NTN STANDARD: OVERVIEW OF REPORTS AND SPECIFICATIONS

Release-15:

TR 38.811: Study on New Radio (NR) to support Non Terrestrial Networks (Release 15), 2018

Release-16:

TR 22.822: Study on using Satellite Access in 5G; Stage 1, 2018

TR 38.821: Solutions for NR to support non-terrestrial networks (NTN), 2019

TS 22.261: Service requirements for the 5G system; Stage 1, 2018

TR 23.737: Study on architecture aspects for using satellite access in 5G, 2020

TR 28.808: Study on management and orchestration aspects of integrated satellite component in a 5G network, 2021

Release-17:

TR 24.821: Study on PLMN selection for satellite access, 2021

TR 36.763: Study on Narrow-Band Internet of Things (NB-IoT) / enhanced Machine Type Communication (eMTC) support for Non-Terrestrial Networks (NTN), 2021

TR 24.821: Study on PLMN selection for satellite access, 2021

TR 23.700-Integration of satellite systems in the 5G architecture

Release-18:

TR 22.926: Guidelines for extra-territorial 5G Systems (5GS), 2021

TR 38.882: New SID: Study on requirements and use cases for network verified UE location for NTN in NR, 2022

TR 23.700-28: 5GC enhancement for satellite access Phase 2, 2023

TR 23.700-27: Study on satellite backhauling, 2023

TR 23.700-71: Enhanced location services, 2023

TR 33.700-28: Study on security aspects of satellite access, 2023

Release-19:

TR 22.865: Study on satellite access – Phase 3, 2023

TR 22.841: Study on upper layer traffic steering, switchin and splitting over dual 3GPP access, 2023



