REDUCING CONTAINER LOSS

OUTLINE





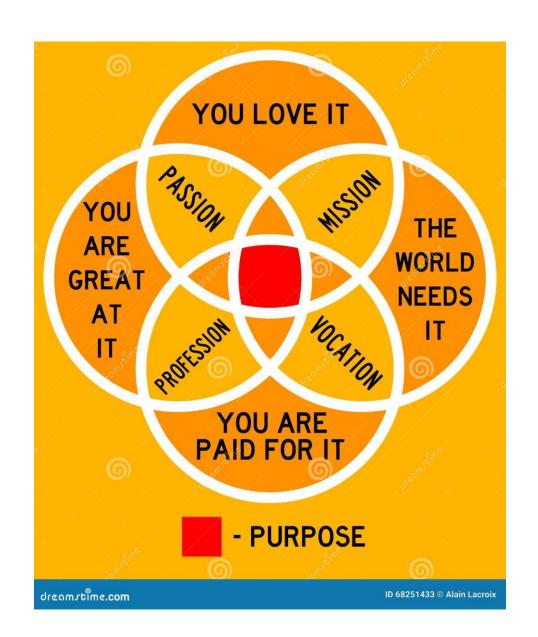








PURPOSE







3000+ TEU yearly lost at sea

























CONSEQUENCES

- Environmental damage
- Economic damage > 200 mln/year
- Degradation of Brand Image
- Pressure from government
- Lawsuits





DOES THE WORLD NEED A SOLUTION?

Tuchtcollege voor de scheepvaart:

Installeer een computersysteem dat de sterkte van het sjorsysteem toetst in gevallen waarbij de individuele gewichten in de stacks afwijken van de container lashing plans. Het zou de controle op de naleving van het CSM een stuk eenvoudiger maken indien containerschepen daarmee wel worden uitgerust.

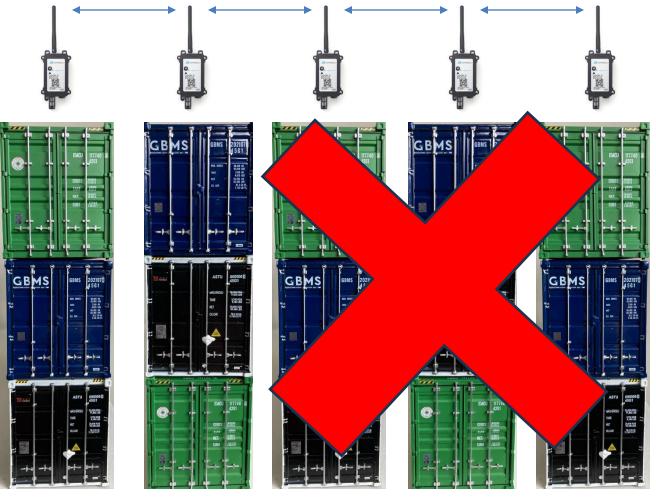
Dutch Safety Board & Bunderstelle für Seeunfallursuchung

Generate an obligation on all container ships

- 1.2.1 to install electronic inclinometers or similar (inertia) systems to measure and display this information in real-time to the captain/crew
- 1.2.2 to install sensors on critical locations on the ship in order to measure accelerations and to provide this information in real-time to the captain/crew in order to allow them to monitor these;
- 1.2.3 and for ships with mandatory equipped VDR to record actual roll angle, roll period and accelerations for the purpose of safety investigations.

TECHNICAL SOLUTION (1)







TECHNICAL SOLUTION (2)











TECHNICAL SOLUTION (3)





- Intranet server for UI and real time calculations
- Primary ship motion sensor
- Optional ship motion sensors



NETWORK















A2B-online









FUNDING



- Own savings...
- Ontwikkelingsmaatschappijen
- VC
- Corporate VC
- Angels
- Subsidies (MIT/WBSO)
- Loans (Rabobank investeringslening)



KNOWLEDGE









BETTER SHIPS, BLUE OCEANS































WAN HAI LINES LTD.

WE CARRY, WE CARE.





DNV-GL ClassNK















World Shipping Council













SAMSUNG











IE DEUTSCHEN VERSICHERER







GBMS REDUCING CONTAINER LOSS



















WG1 – TUHH Hamburg University of Technology

Strength of Containers & Lashing Gear

Identify how the aging and wear of the container corner castings and twist locks influence the strength of the connection between the containers.

Material tests are done to know the material strength limits of (used) equipment.

A dedicated test rig has been build, first tests December 2023.

Test results are used to validate high fidelity models of the connection between containers.

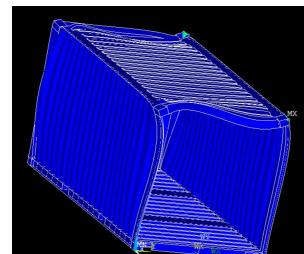
Outcome: Limit loads and safety margins.











WG2 – MARIN Maritime Research Institute Netherlands

Shore Ship Interface

Discrepancy between actual and planned stow configuration.

Onboard survey of actual deck stow shows that 15-20% of containers are mis-stowed depending on company and terminal. There are strong concerns about VGM, declared content and the structural condition of containers.

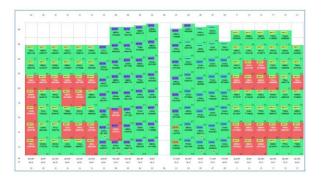
The effect of mis-stows is evaluated and especially a concern in high utilized stacks.

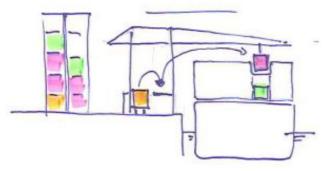
A Workshop with terminals was held May 2023 to identify & discuss improvements.

A follow-up workshop is planned.

Outcome: Recommendations to ensure compliance of departure stow plan to the actual stow for VGM and stow position.









WG3 – MARIN Maritime Research Institut Netherlands

Vessel motions

Assess the motion response of large container ships and provide insight in how to avoid extreme motions.

Incident review identified excessive motions as root cause of large scale incidents.

Seakeeping model tests with 10kTEU and 15kTEU vessels confirm the risk on parametric roll and synchronous roll in 3-4m wave height.

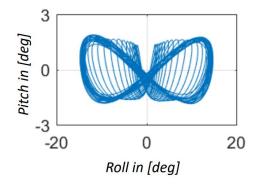
On board measurements on 3 vessels characterize the normal in design motions.

Numerical simulations to determine out-of-design guidelines are ongoing.

Outcome: Definition of "in design" and critical parameters leading to "off-design".











WG4 – MTI Monohakobi Technology Institute

Securing Loads

Reliability of lashing software force calculations in planning stage.

Scale model tests to provide reference data of stack behavior and loads are completed.

High fidelity numerical calculation of tested conditions are ongoing.

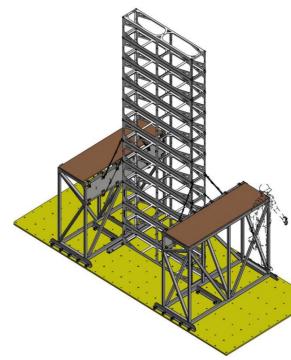
Scale model test results are provided to class societies to evaluate their approaches with coarse calculation models as used in stow planning.

Outcome: Recommend baseline requirements for container stack load solvers and safety margins.









WG5 – MARIN

Maritime Research Institute Netherlands

Crew Governing Role and Control

Assess how ships crew can prevent and anticipate "off design" conditions

Notice to mariners distributed to increase the awareness on the risk of parametric roll, with videos and a low fidelity calculation tool.

Crew Survey provides insight in challenges:

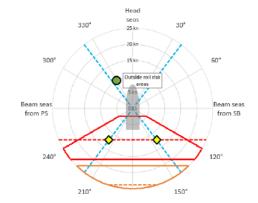
It is difficult for crew to keep an overview of the loading process of thousands of containers. Roll natural period is an important factor in decision making, yet the reliability and accuracy is limited. Mariners claim to know how to prevent, recognize and act on parametric roll but very few experienced it and the actions described are diverse.

Define functional requirements to prevent outdesign roll conditions in operation (pending feasibility of using with moving base simulator).

Outcome: Proposal for best practice on information required to prevent off design conditions in operations.











WG6 – AMSA Australian Maritime Safety Authority

Regulatory Reform

Recommend amendments to relevant regulator frameworks to proactively support adoption of best practices in the industry.

Relevant effective rules are identified.

oIntroduce minimum requirements to planning, loading and transit stages wrt transparancy, control and audit.

OMandatory status for loading/lashing software and baseline requirements.

Informative papers submitted to CCC-9 and MSC-106.

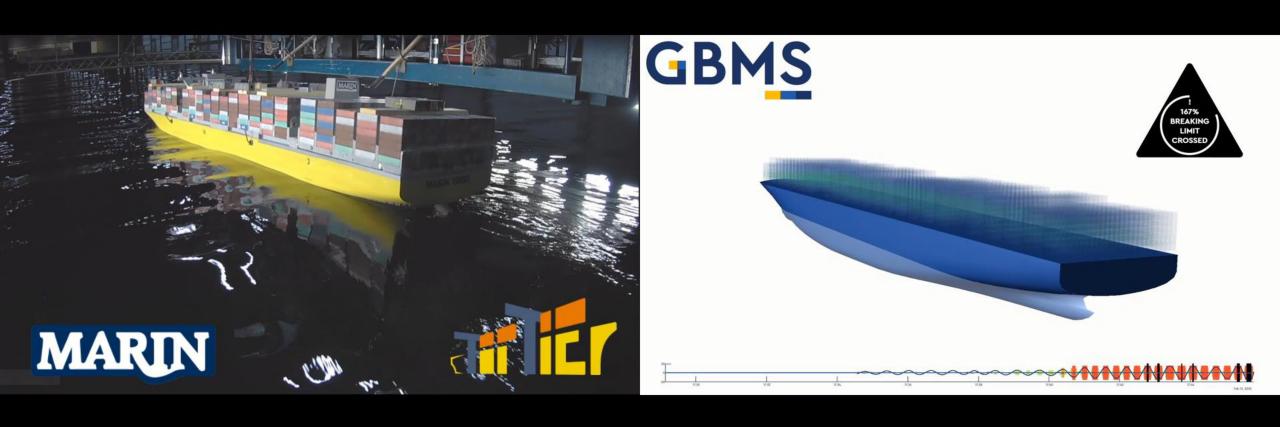
Preparing for submission to CCC-10 (June 2024) based on inputs from results of the working groups.

- 1. SOLAS VI, Reg.5, IMO -Conceptual proposed additional clause as 5.5.1
- 2. SOLAS VI, Reg.5, IMO -Conceptual proposed additional clause as 5.7.
- 3. Harmonised system of survey and certification (HSSC), 2017 (CA) 2.2.1.30.1).
- 4. Revision to MSC.1/Circ. 1353/Rev.2:
- 5. Standard Training Certification and watch keeping (STCW) Chapter V.
- 6. Regulatory Proposal #3 Regulation: 14 Safe Manning ~ Resolution A.1047(27).



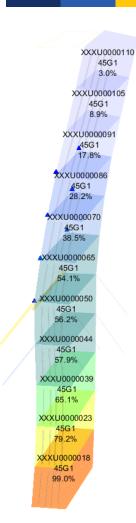


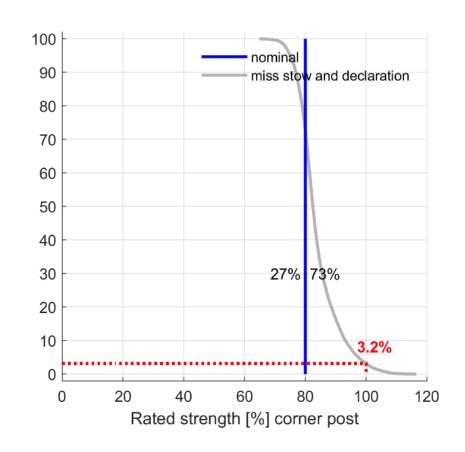
DEVELOPMENT BASED ON RESEARCH

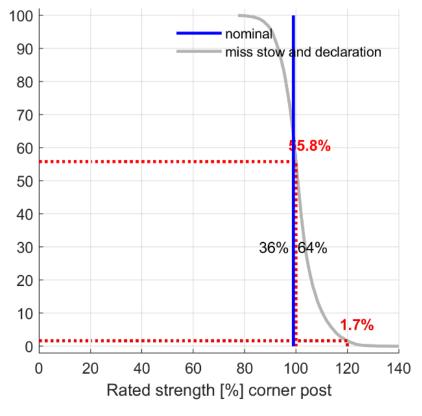




GBMS CONTRIBUTION TO WG2

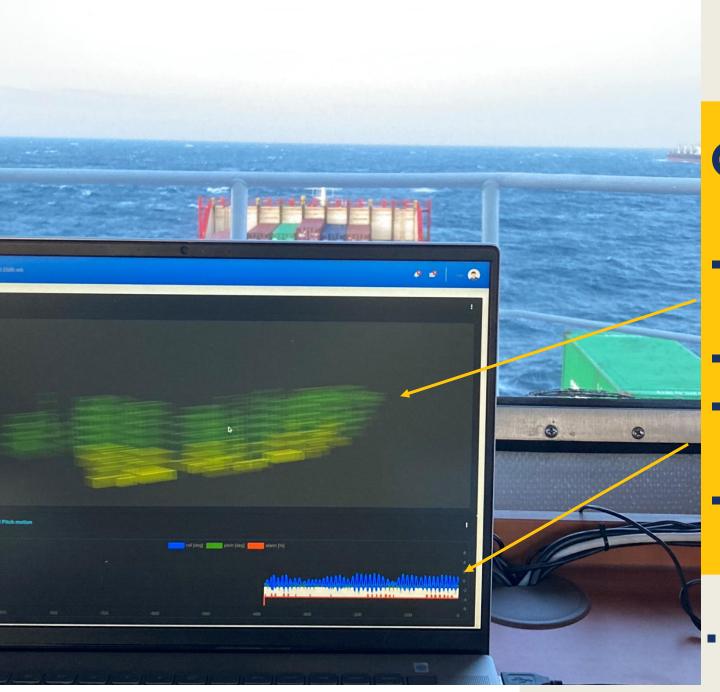








REDUCING CONTAINER LOSS



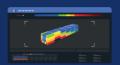
GBMS' SOLUTION

- Real-time monitoring of forces between the containers
- Direct visualization at the bridge
- Logging of ship motions for hindcast analysis.
- Single-sensor solution

 Crew is timely warned and can take evasive action

SOLUTIONS

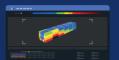




SENSORIUMC ONBOARD

Check CSM and rules Monitor in real-time Logging and reporting





SENSORIUMC OFFICE

Design verification Onshore support Planning automation





All major class rules

Fast and non-linear



1010 1010

CLOUD API

Integrate the GBMS solver in your software, tooling and processes



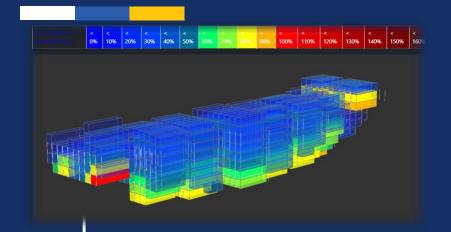


SERVICES

Analysis of new building
User specific requirements
Contract research



SENSORIUMC ONBOARD (1 of 2)



A Digital Twin monitoring container stacks in real-time

PRE-VOYAGE

Complete control over container operations ensuring safety & efficiency

WHILE SAILING

Continuously monitor container stack loads in real-time

Logging of all ship motion data to enable data analysis and quality assurance

Instantly detect excessive loads & triggering immediate warnings

POST-VOYAGE

Reporting of loads & hindcast analysis



Click here for a
Youtube introduction
to SensoriumC



SENSORIUMC ONBOARD (2 of 2)



- Intranet server for UI and real time calculations
- Primary ship motion sensor
- Optional ship motion sensors

Working principles of the system

COMPONENTS

- 1 server-computer
- 1 Primary motion sensor
- + any optional additional sensors

CONFIGURATION

Based on CSM, CSA, GA
Configured by GBMS
Installed / retrofitted in port

USAGE

Access from any onboard PC Upload BAPLIE file and go Motions + stowage = loads

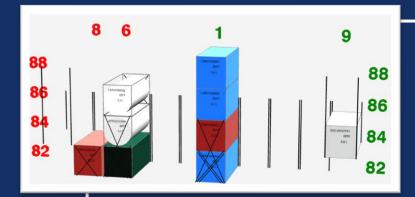


Click here for a Youtube
demonstration of
SensoriumC during
storm Pia





SENSORIUMC OFFICE



A Digital Twin of the ships configuration for in office

DESIGN SUPPORT

Compare class rules
Design Lashing arrangements

ONSHORE SUPPORT

Perform in-depth analysis of BAPLIE files before departure to ensure highest safety levels

Support ship crew with advice incase of deviations from standard.

QHSE

Study voyage performance, incidents and create analytical reports



CLOUD API

INTEGRATION

Call the GBMS lashing solver using the Cloud REST API

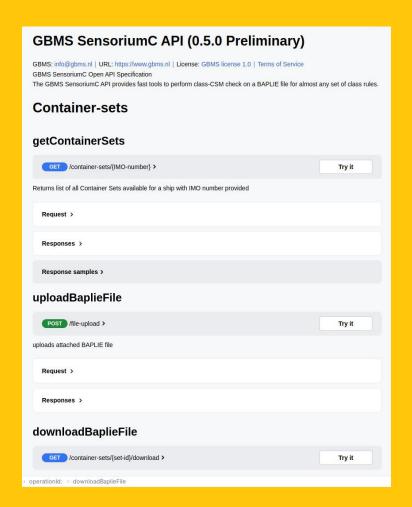
Integrate into your own software...

...or process work flow

Well documented

GBMS' modular tools are build to provide optimal service

The Cloud API and other GBMS tools share the same proven knowledge base an computational algorithms.





SERVICES

ASSISTANCE

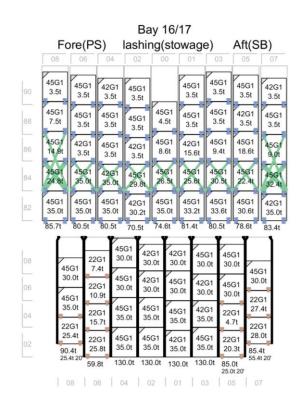
GBMS can assist in providing indebt analysis for:

Design of and advice on lashing configurations

User specific requirements and rules

(Near) incident analysis

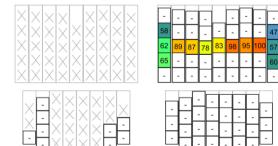
Research projects







Lashing bar tension [% SWL]
Bay 15 Bay 16/17





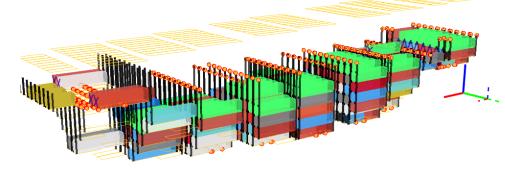


CURRENT DEVELOPMENTS (1 of 2)

AUTO STOWAGE

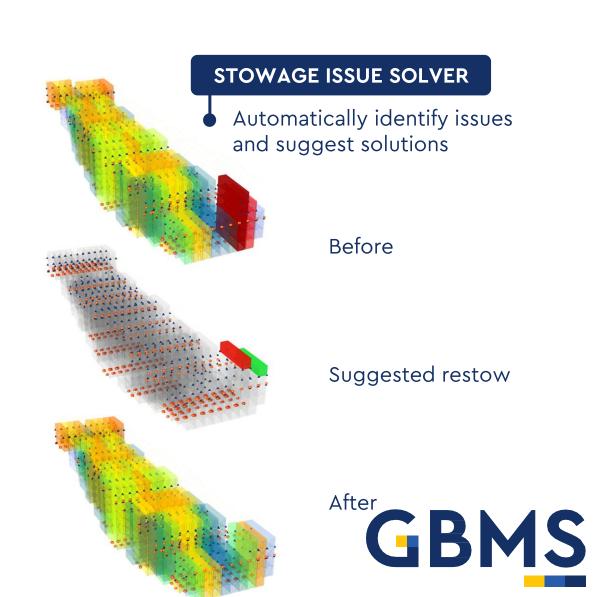
Plan containers automatically

Optimize trim by controlling weight distribution





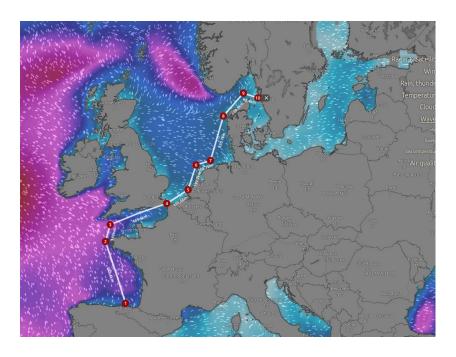
Click here for a Youtube auto stow demo



CURRENT DEVELOPMENTS (2 of 2)

FORECAST

- Implementation of weather forecast rules from various class
- Predictions based on hydrodynamic models

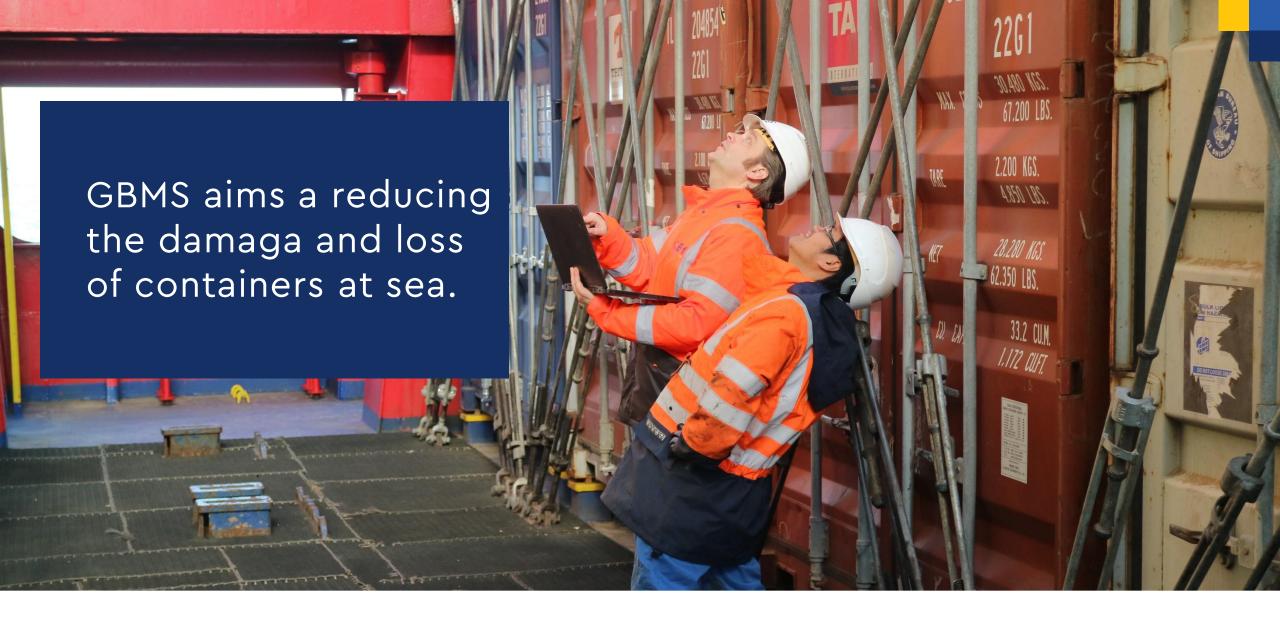


IMDG

Implementation of IMO DG assistance module







Thanks for your attention!

